

SRS Emergency Management Overview

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Purpose

- This presentation will describe the Savannah River Site's Emergency Management program, including the basis for the program and how the program is established

Mission of Emergency Management

- Protect the health and safety of on and offsite populations
- Protect site property
- Protect the environment

Emergency Management Program

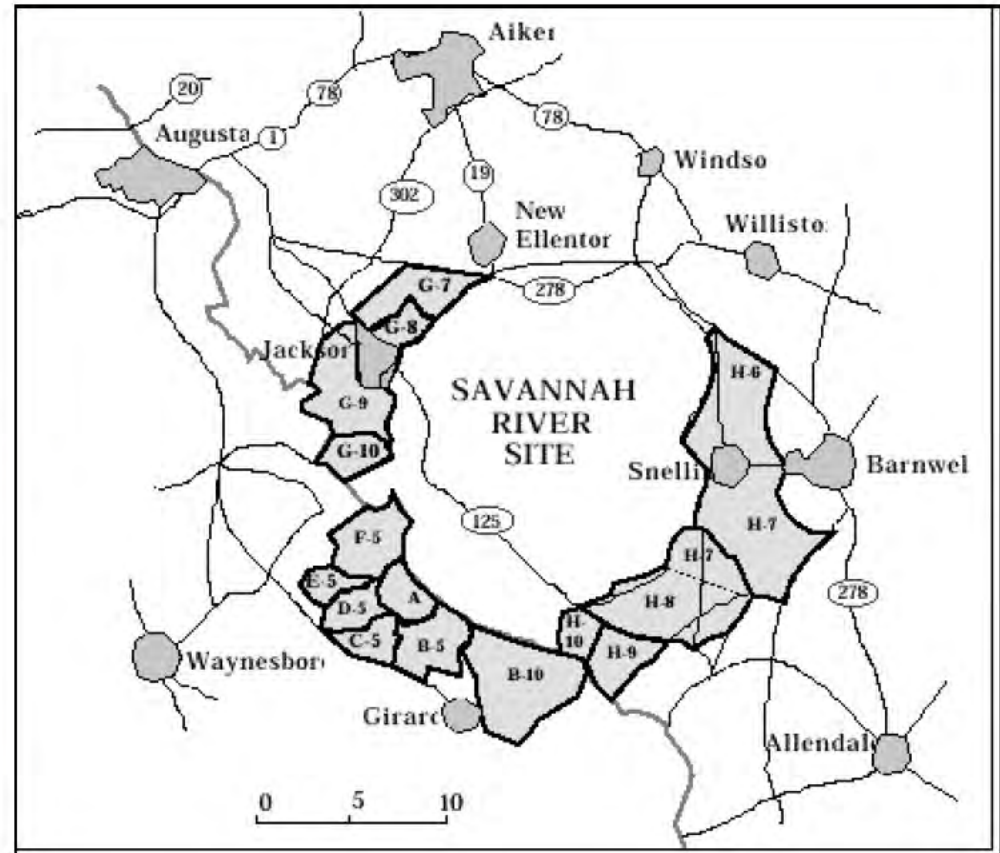
- Planning and Preparedness
- Actions taken in response to events
- Resource management
- Post-event activities, recovery, and return to operation

Identification of Hazards

- Operational events
 - Equipment failure
 - Natural phenomenon
 - Potential or actual releases of hazardous materials
- Safeguards and Security
 - Sabotage
 - Physical security breaches
- Other emergencies not affecting a nuclear process
 - Dam failures
 - Transportation events

Plume Exposure Emergency Planning Zone

- Identifies planning areas for protective actions
- Assists in communications and notifications of protective action recommendations to offsite agencies



Ingestion Exposure Emergency Planning Zone

- Area of approximately 50 mile radius surrounding SRS facilities and the Savannah River Basin to the Atlantic Ocean
- The main exposure hazard is ingestion (eating or drinking) of radioactive or toxic material
- Shared with Plant Vogtle



Plans and Procedures

Plans and procedures address all major aspects of emergency management, such as:

- Ensuring the availability of trained responders
- Notifications and communications, both internal to the site and external
- Hazard analysis and consequence assessment
- Protection of personnel
- Medical Support
- Public Information
- Emergency Facilities and Equipment

Response Capabilities

- ~700-member security force
- ~80-member Fire Department
- Medical Department
- Emergency Response Organization (ERO)
- 30-member Contractor Emergency Management Staff
- U.S. Forest Service Savannah River

Emergency Preparedness

- **Training and Drills**
 - Initial and annual refresher training
 - Drills provide “hands on” training for emergency responders
- **Exercises**
 - Annual evaluated exercise conducted
 - All elements of emergency management program validated over a 5-year period

SRS Operations Center

- Receives initial notification of event
- Dispatches first responders
 - Fire Department (Fire, EMS, HAZMAT, rescue)
 - Security (law enforcement, special response teams, canine unit)
- Staffed 24/7; certified by State of SC

Protective Actions

Emergency Duty Officer:

- Implements onsite protective actions
 - Remain indoors
 - Shelter
 - Evacuation
- Determines and provides offsite protective action recommendations, if necessary

Facility or Area Emergency Coordinator:

- Implements protective actions for affected facility personnel

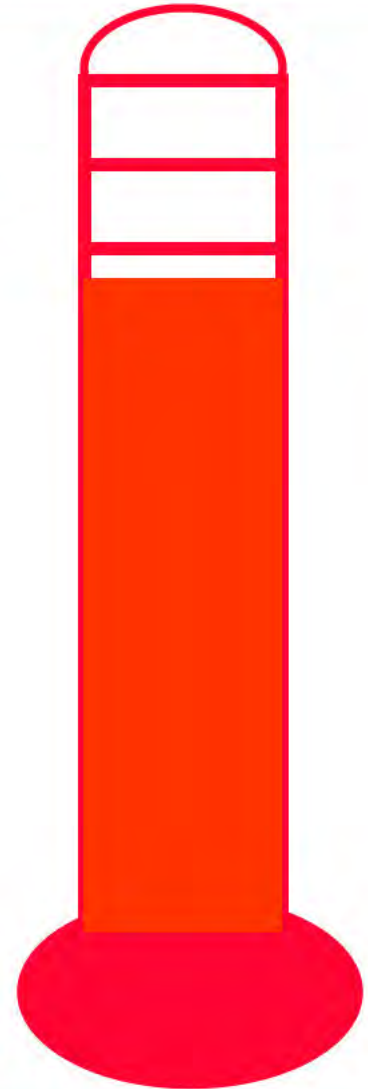
Emergency Categorization/Classification

- An event must be categorized as an Operational Emergency as promptly as possible, but no later than 15 minutes after event recognition/identification/discovery.
- Categories of Emergencies:
 - Health and Safety
 - Environment
 - Security and Safeguards
 - Offsite DOE Transportation Events

Emergency Classification Levels

Events causing a release or potential release of Hazardous Materials are further classified as one of the following:

- General Emergency
- Site Area Emergency
- Alert



Notifications

- **Emergency Notifications**
 - Events that fall within the emergency categorization/ classification system established by DOE Orders
 - Offsite notifications within 15 minutes of declaration for events involving HAZMAT releases; 30 minutes for all other events
- **Regulatory Notifications**
 - Events with hazardous material releases that are reportable quantities as defined in Code of Federal Regulations
- **Courtesy Notifications**
 - Events that do not fall within the DOE emergency classification system but have potential for significant public or media interest

ERO Activation

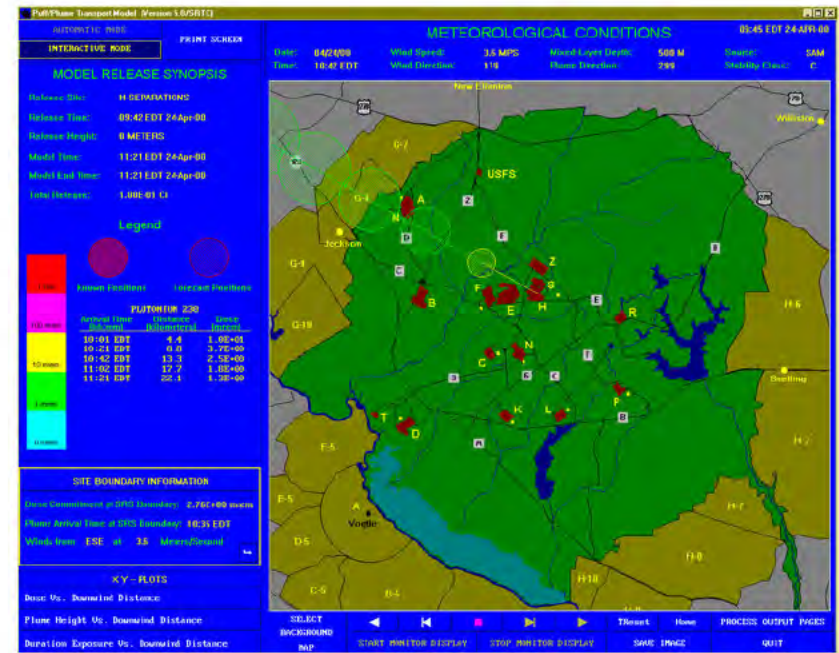
- A graded ERO response may be implemented
 - Bring in the resources needed for the event
 - Core ERO includes 18 positions
 - Full staffing at Alert or higher
 - Additional positions may be called in depending on the type of event
- EOC activated within approximately one hour of emergency declaration

Emergency Operations Center (EOC)

- The EOC is staffed by individuals from various organizations across the site. Assigned based on:
 - Normal duties and responsibilities
 - Expertise needed in an emergency
- The focus of the Site Emergency Response Organization is on the overall management of the emergency response

Consequence Assessment

- Consequence assessment staff comprised of subject matter experts, including meteorologists
- Sophisticated computer models to identify areas of concern
- Refined as event progresses
- Results shared with offsite agencies.



Joint Information Center

- Provides a working location where multiple jurisdictions gather to process and disseminate public information during an emergency.
- Located on Gateway Drive

Recovery

- Establish recovery organization
- Develop recovery plan which specifies criteria for resumption of normal operations
- Implement plan
- Investigate root causes of event

Summary

- Programs are in place to ensure operations are effectively managed in the unlikely event of an emergency:
 - Hazards analyzed
 - Emergency plans and procedures in place
 - Train extensively
 - Drill to maintain qualifications and proficiency
 - Evaluate and assess emergency management program
 - Implement improvements